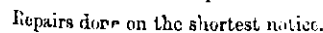


AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements



§ 7 Families waited on for orders, and Bread

Cromwell



CROMWELL.

FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams,
Bacon, &c., always on hand.*Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout
the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3d per lb.

CROMWELL BUTCHERY
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on
hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

KARL PRETSCH,

COACH & GENERAL PAINTER,
etc.,Has now PAPERHANGINGS, PAINTS of
every description, GLASS, and MOULDINGS,
on Sale at Low Prices.Contracts undertaken for General Painting,
Decoration, and Sign Writing.Buggies and Vehicles of every description
painted in the best style.

Colours Prepared in any Shade required

Address: Next door but one to MARSH'S
BRIDGE HOTEL, CROMWELL.BELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-
WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begg to inform the Public of the Dunstan Dis-
trict that, in connection with his established
business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened
EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL,
where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-
holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with
EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best
description, at the lowest current rates.JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention
that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE
BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that
line he is in connection with Messrs WHITING-
HAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the
largest buyers in the Lake District.J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the
Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident
he can sell the cheapest and best article in the
District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.JULES LA FONTAINE,
WHEELWRIGHT,Begg to inform the public that he has now ar-
ranged to remain in CROMWELL constantly,
and that he is prepared to execute all orders
and repairs with which he may be intrusted.

Premises in Cromwell:

Opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

PLASHETTS COLLIERY,
(adjoining Richards's Ferry.)DAGG, PRIMATE, & BENNETT,
COAL MERCHANTS,
CROMWELL,Are now supplying HOUSEHOLD COAL of
very superior quality at current prices,—viz.,
20s. per ton at the pit, or 32s. per ton delivered.The seam of coal in the PLASHETTS COLLIERY
is admittedly the best ever opened in the dis-
trict, and the proprietors confidently solicit a
share of public patronage.Regular Customers may depend upon being
kept constantly supplied.

Cromwell

KAWARAU HOTEL,
CROMWELL.F. BASTINGS, late of the Commercial Hotel,
Lawrence, having taken the above Hotel, hopes
to merit a share of public patronage.

N.B.—GOOD STABLING.

BEFORE purchasing your WATCHES,
CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY, call on

E. MURRELL,

and inspect his CHOICE STOCK of the above
articles.As all his Watches and Clocks are TAKEN TO
PIECES, CLEANED, and ADJUSTED before they are
delivered, Customers may depend on getting an
article that will give satisfaction.All kinds of WATCHES, CLOCKS, and
MUSICAL BOXES cleaned
and repaired.

Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.

Observe the address:

NEXT MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION
AGENT,
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,
CROMWELL.Having arranged to devote my time exclusively
to these occupations, business entrusted to
my care will receive every attention.MR H. W. SMYTHIES,
MINING SURVEYOR AND AGENT.Legal Managership & REGISTRATION
of Companies undertaken.

Office: Town Hall, Cromwell.

MR LAKES,
SURGEON, CROMWELL,

may be consulted at the premises adjoining Mr

C. W. WRIGHT's, baker and confectioner.

JUST ARRIVED,—A Large Lot of
PAPERHANGINGS and FURNITURE;
CHEFFONIERS, CHILDREN'S COTS, &c., &c.

JAMES TAYLOR,

Cromwell Timber Yard.

FIRE INSURANCE.

PROMPTITUDE and LIBERALITY in the Settlement
of Claims; the LOWEST RATES of PREMIUM
consistent with Safety; UNDOUBTED
SECURITY; and LIBERAL
REGULATIONS.MESSRS GILLIES AND STREET,
Land and Estate Agents, Princes-street,
Dunedin, having been appointed agents for Otago
of the well-known and long-established Office,THE NORWICH UNION FIRE IN-
SURANCE SOCIETY.

(Established, 1797; Re-organised, 1821.)

Are now prepared to undertake the
INSURANCE FROM FIREof every description of property, and to GUARAN-
TEE THAT ALL LOSSES WILL BE PROMPTLY AND
LIBERALLY SETTLED BY THEMSELVES, thus avoid-
ing the delay, anxiety, and inconvenience occa-
sioned by Agents having to consult Boards of
Directory and others at a distance.Every information as to the Society's Rates
and Principles, or as to Special Rates, may be
obtained free on application, personally or by
letter, to the HEAD OFFICE FOR OTAGO:

Messrs GILLIES & STREET, Agents.

Or of the district agents, as under:

AGENT FOR CROMWELL,

DUNCAN MACKELLAR,
CLYDE—G. FACHE.VICTORIA FIRE AND GENERAL
INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....£2,200,000.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,

AGENTS,

CROMWELL.

Cromwell

SUMMER DRAPERY.

Ex Otago and Hydaspes.

We are now opening out

37 PACKAGES OF DRAPERY,

specially suited for the Summer Season,
which have been personally selected and bought
for CASH, and will be disposed of at VERY
LOW PRICES to suit the times.Our new Stock comprises all the latest novel-
ties from London and Paris. Being too varied
to particularise, we enumerate only LEADING
LINES.Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, in
Dolly Varden, Mandarin, Neilson, and
Sydney,—all newest shapes.

Girls' ditto.

Ladies' Dresses in Silks, Mohairs, Grenadines,
Muslins, Merinos, Prints, &c. &c.Ladies' Chemisettes, Ties, and Sleeves,—a
great variety.

Sunshades,—all kinds.

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.

&c. &c. &c.

Men's and Boys' Clothing, in immense variety.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF DRAPERY ON THE GOLD-
FIELDS.—AN INSPECTION INVITED.I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,
Drapers and Importers.

WINES. SPIRITS. GROCERIES.

IN Order to meet the increasing require-
ments of the district, we have opened out
in the above lines. By purchasing for CASH,
and keeping the best class of goods obtainable,
and selling them at reasonable prices, we trust
to receive a share of patronage.

BRANDY—Hennessey's in case and bulk

RUM—best Jamaica

WHISKEY—Lorne Highland

Dunville's, Islay

PORT WINE—O'Leary's four grape

SHERRY—Gonzalez's four diamond

COLONIAL WINE, GENEVA, OLD TOM, GINGER

WINE, CORDIALS, BITTERS (various), &c. &c.

GROCERIES

of the best quality, in

Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Candles, Soaps, Raisins,
Currants, Sauces, Oysters, Salmon,
&c. &c.I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,
GENERAL IMPORTERS,
Cromwell, Queenstown, Arrow, and
Melbourne.

NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to inform the
inhabitants of the Cromwell, Alexandra,
and Clyde districts that we have appointed

I. Hallenstein and Co., Cromwell,

As our only AGENTS for the sale of our Silk-
dressed

FLOUR, BRAN, AND POLLARD.

We guarantee all Flour branched with our
name, and obtained through the above agents.ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN,
Brunswick Flour Mill
LAKE WAKATIP.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Reading-room is open to subscribers on
Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.The Library contains an extensive variety of
Books in every department of literature; and
about £60 worth of New Works is expected to
arrive shortly from Great Britain.All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number
of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly
received for the use of Subscribers.Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly
12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

NOTICE

POISON for DOGS will be laid on
MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this
date.

I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May 1870.—27th

Bannockburn

WILLIAM STIERLAND & CO.,
(Late of Lynton),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS,

Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the
public generally that they have removed toQUARTZVILLE, next HAZLETT's Carrick
Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict atten-

tion to business and reasonable charges, to merit

a share of their patronage

Bannockburn

STUART'S FERRY,

KAWARAU RIVER.

Main crossing-place between Cromwell and
the Nevis for Waggon, Drays, Horses, and
Foot passengers.

Children attending School, Free.

THE FERRY HOTEL

Has first-class accommodation for Travellers.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSE-
HOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions
kept in Stock.The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from
Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POS-
SIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

The new Ferry being now OPEN FOR TRAFFIC
the Public are invited to cross the Kawarau
River on theBEST PUNT IN THE PROVINCE,
which is on the direct road to Bannockburn,
the Nevis, and the Carrick Range Reefs.

John Richards - Proprietor

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,

Begg to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN
NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the
increasing requirements of those districts, he
has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's
Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for
Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,
QUARTZVILLE,

(In the immediate vicinity of the Carrick Reefs)

THOMAS HAZLETT - Proprietor.

Having purchased from Mr JOHN M'CORMICK
the above well-known and centrally-situated
Hotel, I am now in a position to offer first-class
accommodation to all who may favour me with
their patronage.The Premises are fitted up and furnished
with the most complete scale, regardless of expense,
and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors
and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM,

fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables

An excellent SIX-STALLED STABLE

the premises, and a careful groom always in at-
tendance.

126

T. HAZLETT.

BANNOCKBURN COAL MINE

J. SMITH,

COAL MERCHANT,

Having obtained a lease of the above well-
known Coal Works, begs to inform the resi-
dents at Bannockburn, Carrick Range, Bannock-
burn, Keweenaw, and throughout the
district, that he is prepared to SUPPLY
(in any quantity) COAL of excellent quality
at 15s. per ton taken from the pit's mouth, or,
delivered, 1s 9d per bag and upward, ac-
cording to distance.N.B.—Drays leave the Bannockburn
Cromwell twice a week. Loading carried
back on reasonable terms.

Cromwell



EARL OF CARRICK.

Imported Clydesdale Stallion EARL OF CARRICK will stand for the season at POISON CREEK FARM, Wanaka Road.

Terms ... £3 10s., to be paid at time of service.

EARL OF CARRICK (imported from ...) is a beautiful black horse, possessing bone and substance; is eight years old, stands 16 hands high. His stock can be at the owner's farm.

EARL OF CARRICK was bred at Mansfield, ... by J. Steele, Esq., and was got by the ... horse Blackleg, which carried off thirty prizes, and never was beaten in Victoria. ... of Carrick's dam,—a prize Clydesdale mare, ... from Scotland.

CHARLES HAIR, Proprietor, Poison Creek.

C. CHAPPEL, AUCTIONEER.

Orders for Sales in the Cromwell District ... be left at the Argus Office, and will meet ... prompt attention.

Clyde

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

JAMES AND STANBROOK beg to inform their numerous friends and the ... that they intend starting business as AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS, GENERAL AGENTS AND ACCOUNTANTS,

... the commencement of the New Year, and ... their well-known business habits, trust ... they will meet with a fair share of public ...

STANBROOK, so well-known throughout ... whole of the up-country districts, will, as ... pioneer, conduct all Sales with which the ... may be favoured.

OFFICES—CROMWELL & CLYDE.
October 16, 1872.

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE

M. MARSHALL, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a ... all advance upon English prices.

Nevis

I HAVE never seen so GREAT A VARIETY of GOODS, and of such SUPERIOR QUALITY, anywhere else as is now ON SALE at the BRITISH STORES, NEVIS.

Arrowtown

R. PRITCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper, WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT, ARROWTOWN.

The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines, Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district. A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes, Paper, &c.

Agent for

T. ROBINSON & Co.,

Agricultural Implement Manufacturers, Dunedin and Melbourne.

Bendigo

JOSIAH MITCHINSON,

Wholesale and Retail

STOREKEEPER,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,

WAKEFIELD STORE,

(Near Cromwell Quartz Co.'s Machine),

BENDIGO.

GOODS DELIVERED

At all parts of the Reefs.

BENDIGO POST OFFICE.

Interest at the rate of 12½ per cent charged on all accounts due over two months.

Luggate

ALBION HOTEL AND STORE,

LUGGATE,

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka).

H. MAIDMAN Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLES.

N.B.—District Post Office.

Wanaka

WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.

The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an island in the lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a PADDOCK, for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL, Proprietor.

Alexandra

MANHURIKIA BREWERY, ALEXANDRA

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C.P. BECK, Clyde;

Or at the BREWERY, will be promptly attended to.

THEYERS AND BECK, BREWERS, ALEXANDRA.

Queenstown

[CARD.]

D. POWELL,

AUCTIONEER, &c.

SALE ROOMS - BALLARAT-STREET, QUEENSTOWN.

OFFICE:

Ballarat-st. (opposite to Family Hotel)

ROBERT FOYNE,

GENERAL STOREKEEPER

AND NEWSAGENT,

Queenstown, Lake Wakatipu.

A large stock of Groceries and other goods always on hand. Import of English and Colonial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the district.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.



CROMWELL ARGUS

General Printing Office,

MELMORE TERRACE.

MATTHEWS & FENWICK,

MERCANTILE AND DECORATIVE PRINTERS,

EXECUTE ORDERS FOR

PRINTING

OF EVERY KIND

In the most modern styles of the Art.

BOOK AND PAMPHLET WORK.

Unsurpassed in the Colony.

PLAIN, ENAMELLED, { CARDS { COLORED, EMBOSSED,

In endless variety of style.

ADMISSION TICKETS

For Balls, Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments, Soirees, &c. &c.

BALL PROGRAMMES.

NEWEST STYLES.

Business & Invitation Circulars.

Printed in New and Elegant Type.

ON FINE POST OR FANCY NOTE PAPER.

MINING COMPANIES' SCRIPT.

(Superior to Lithographed)

ON BEST HAND-MADE PAPER.

POSTERS,

ANY SIZE,

BLACK OR COLOURED INKS.

ILLUMINATED SHOW-CARDS,

SUPERB DESIGNS,

In Coloured Inks or Gold Bronze.

Receipt and Delivery Books

Neatly printed and strongly bound.

Catalogues, Hand Bills, Programmes.

Labels, Memo's, Societies' Rules,

Bags and Wrapping Papers,

Prospectuses, Envelopes,

Ale & Porter Labels,

Circular Labels,

—AND—

EVERY OTHER KIND OF PRINTING

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver complaints, depression of spirits, delusions, unfitness for business or study, failure of hearing, sight, and memory, lassitude, want of power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy PHOSPHODYNE (ozonic oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and storekeepers throughout the colonies, from whom pamphlets containing testimonials may be obtained. Caution: Be particular to ask Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad. Wholesale agents for New Zealand:—Kempthorne, Prosser, & Co., Dunedin.

A violent scorbutic affection cured by Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Mr R. Havell, Walsall-street, Wolverhampton, for the last two years, was covered nearly all over his body with a malignant eruption, which gave him the greatest pain and agony, so much so, that it was only at intervals he could get a little sleep. His general health was also seriously affected. He had recourse to the most eminent medical men at Wolverhampton and Birmingham, without obtaining relief. He at last purchased Holloway's Pills and Ointment of Mr Simpson, stationer, Wolverhampton, which soon effected a cure. This gentleman vouches for the truth of this extraordinary statement.

ALL CURES MADE EASY!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers & Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both Ointment and Pills should be used in the following Disorders:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Bad Legs | Scalds |
| Bad Breasts | Sore Nipples |
| Burns | Sore Throats |
| Bunions | Skin Diseases |
| Bite of Mosquitoes and Sandflies | Scurvy |
| Coco-bay | Sore Heads |
| Chiego-foot | Tumours |
| Chilblains | Ulcers |
| Fistulas | Wounds and Yaws |
| Gout | Cancers |
| Glandular Swellings | Contracted and Stiff Joints |
| Lumbago | Elephantiasis |
| Piles | Chapped Hands |
| Rheumatism | Corias (soft) |

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

The Cromwell Argus

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY TUESDAY AFTERNOON,

And delivered the same day,

BY SPECIAL MESSENGERS, THROUGHOUT THE DISTRICT.

SUBSCRIPTION:

SIX SHILLINGS & QUARTER.

CASUAL ADVERTISEMENTS:

Each insertion under four, per inch..... 3/-
On four or more insertions, a reduction of 25 %

STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS

On still more liberal terms.



CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB RACE MEETING.

Thursday and Friday, 26th and 27th December 1872.

STEWARDS:

MESSES JAMES COWAN
JAMES TAYLOR
J. B. LAKE
CHARLES COLCLOUGH

MESSES I. LOUGHNAN
DAVID A. JOLLY
ROBERT E. DAGG
ROBERT KIDD.

JUDGE—MR J. HARDING.

HANDICAPPER—MR A. R. B. THOMSON.

STARTER—MR JAS. DAWKINS.

CLERK OF THE COURSE—MR OWEN PIERCE.

PROGRAMME.

FIRST DAY.

CROMWELL DERBY: a sweepstake of £5 5s.,—£2 2s. forfeit,—with £50 added. Entrance, £2 2s., on nomination; and balance of sweep, £3 3s., to be made good on night of general entry. Colts, 8st. 10lb.; fillies, 8st. 5lb. Distance, 1½ mile. Entries closed.

HACK HURDLE RACE: £15. Distance, 1½ mile, over five flights of hurdles. Entrance, £1 1s. No weight less than 10st. Post entry.

GRAND STAND HANDICAP: £60. Distance, 1½ mile. Nomination, £1 1s. Acceptance, £2 2s.

MINERS' PURSE: £15. For all Hacks. Distance, ¾ mile— heats. No weight less than 10st. No horse to run that has won an advertised prize of over £15. Entrance, 20s. Post entry.

FLYING HANDICAP: £40. Distance, ¾ mile. Nomination, £1 1s. Acceptance, £1 1s. Winner of Grand Stand Handicap to carry 7lb. penalty.

SECOND DAY.

MAIDEN PLATE: £30. For all horses that have never won an advertised prize of over £25. Weight for age. Distance, 1½ mile. Entrance, £2. Winner of "Derby" to carry 7lb. penalty.

HANDICAP HURDLE RACE: £60, with £2 2s. sweepstake added. Distance, 2½ miles, over eight flights of hurdles. Nomination, £1 1s. Acceptances, £2 2s.

JOCKEY CLUB HANDICAP: £100, with a sweepstake of £3 3s., to go to the second horse. Distance, two miles. Nomination, £2 2s. Acceptance, £3 3s.

HACK SELLING RACE: £20. Winner to be sold for £20: surplus to go to Race fund. Distance, ¾ mile— heats. Entrance, £1. No weight under 10st. Post entry.

CONSOLATION HANDICAP: £30. Distance, one mile. Nomination, 15s. Acceptance, 15s.

Nominations for the Grand Stand Handicap, Handicap Hurdle, and Flying Handicap, to be forwarded to the Secretary at or before 8 p.m. on Wednesday, 11th December. Weights to be declared in CROMWELL ARGUS of 17th and Otago Daily Times of 18th December. Acceptances to be received by the Secretary not later than 8 p.m. on night of general entry (Dec. 24).

Nominations for Jockey Club Handicap and Maiden Plate to be lodged with the Secretary on night of general entry. Weights for the Jockey Club Handicap to be declared on night of first day's races. Acceptances to be received by 10 a.m. on 27th December.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Mares and Geldings allowed 3lbs.

No entries will be received for any of the above races except upon this condition: that all disputes, claims, and objections arising out of the racing shall be decided by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint. Their decision upon all points connected with the carrying out of the programme shall be final.

No person shall be allowed to enter or run a horse for any race in this programme (post entry races excepted) unless the latter be qualified as the bona fide property of a subscriber of not less than £2 2s. to the Race Fund.

Entries to be received by the Secretary before p.m. on the 24th December: entrance money enclosed, with name, age, and pedigree (if any)

of the horse, name of owner, and colours of rider.

Any jockey riding except in the colours entered will be fined £2.

Five per cent. will be deducted from gross amount of all stakes for expenses.

Horses walking over will receive 50 per cent. of the stakes.

The Dunstan Jockey Club Rules will be strictly enforced.

Any person entering a protest will have to deposit £2, and should such be deemed frivolous by the Stewards, will have to forfeit the amount.

N.B.—No entries or acceptances will be received on any pretence whatever after the time specified.

WILLIAM MACNAB, SECRETARY.

FOR SALE,—One FOURTH SHARE in the **BANNOCKBURN WATER RACE.**

Enquiries as to price, and other particulars, can be made on the Race, just above Kawarau Station.

TOWN OF CROMWELL.

OTAGO LOCAL REVENUES ORDINANCE, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of the above Ordinance, the several License and Registration Fees hitherto payable at the Provincial Treasury by any person or persons residing or carrying on business within the limits of the Town of Cromwell, under the provisions of the undermentioned Ordinances, viz:—

- "The Licensing Auctioneers Ordinance, 1762,"
- "The Licensing Ordinance, 1865,"
- "The Dog Nuisance Ordinance, 1862,"
- "The Licensed Carriage Ordinance, 1862,"
- "The Licensed Hawkers Ordinance, 1864,"
- "The Goat Nuisance Ordinance, 1868,"

Are now payable to the Collector for the Corporation of Cromwell, at the Municipal Office, Melmore Terrace.

H. W. SMYTHIES,

Nov. 11, 1872.

Town Clerk.

FOR SALE,—ONE-THIRD of the **WANAKA SAW-MILL.** Also, One-Third of SIXTY ACRES freehold Bush; and a TWENTY-ACRE SECTION, on which the mill is erected. The Mill is completely new, having been at work only two or three months. Everything is in splendid order.

The Bush is a very valuable property, containing the only White and Black Pine in the district.—For further particulars, apply to **A. E. FARQUHAR,** Wanaka Sawmill.

New Advertisements.

ADAMS' GULLY QUARTZ CLAIM.

TENDERS are invited for **DRIVING A TUNNEL** 100 feet (more or less) in the above claim; or, for **SINKING A SHAFT** 50 feet (more or less) in the same ground.

Full description of work required can be obtained from Mr JAS. MARSHALL, on the ground; or on application to the undersigned.

Tenders to be sent in not later than 6 p.m. on SATURDAY, 29th November, addressed to

D. MACKELLAR,

Cromwell.

C. C. C. C. C.

THE COLONIAL CHAMPION COMBINATION COMEDY COMPANY, comprising the following distinguished artistes, will have the honour of appearing at

KIDD'S HALL, CROMWELL,

ON **FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,** November 29 and 30.

MISS FLORA ANSTEAD,
MISS ALICE BRAY,
MR J. P. HYDES,
MR JAS. A. SOUTH,
MR J. THORPE,
MR AUSTIN POWER,
MASTER W. J. HYDES.

At 8 o'clock precisely, the Entertainment will commence with the Drama, in three Acts, entitled

MIRIAM'S CRIME! (One of the most successful of modern Dramas.)

MIRIAM WEST - Miss FLORA ANSTEAD
Mrs Raby (a lodging-house keeper) - Miss Alice Bray
Mr Huffin (a lawyer) - Mr Jas. A. South
Bernard Reynolds (Miriam's lover) - Mr Austin Power
Scumley (an adventurer) - Mr J. Thorpe
Biles (a vagabond lawyer's clerk) - Mr J. P. Hydes

During the evening, Master Walter G. Hydes will play several Operatic Selections, the Irish Quadrilles, &c. &c. on the Pianoforte.

To conclude with the screaming Farce, **WE ALL HAVE OUR LITTLE FAULTS!**

Admission—Front Seats, 3s.; Back, 2s.

At **QUEENSTOWN,** December 2, 3, and 4.

ALBERT W. GEDDES,
Business Manager.

CROMWELL DISTRICT MINERS' ASSOCIATION.

A MEETING OF MEMBERS will be held at the **SCHOOL-HOUSE, BANNOCKBURN,** on **WEDNESDAY EVENING, 27th inst.,** at half-past seven o'clock, to adopt recommendations and suggestions for the guidance of the District Delegate.

—(Signed) **JAMES CROMBIE,** Delegate.

CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB.

Mr J. C. CHAPPEL will sell by auction in the Town Hall on **THURSDAY, 5th proximo,** at 4 o'clock, the right to occupy the **GRAND STAND, &c. &c.,** for the forthcoming Annual Meeting.

WILLIAM MACNAB
Secretary.

COURT STAR OF CROMWELL, A.O.F.

A SUMMONED MEETING of the above Court will be held in the Court-Room on **SATURDAY EVENING, November 30.** Business: Nomination of Officers.

ROBERT BURNS Q.M. COMPANY, REGISTERED.

Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office on **SATURDAY, the 30th inst.,** at 6 p.m. Business of importance.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Legal Manager.

JOHN BULL Q.M. COMPANY.

Wanted, a **WORKING MANAGER** for the above Company's claim. Applications to be sent in to **LONDON HOUSE,** on or before **SATURDAY, 7th December.**

W. TALBOYS, Sec.

COPPER AND TIN PROSPECTING.

FIVE MONTHS' TOUR through the Mineral Districts of New South Wales.

THE above Tour will form the subject of a **LECTURE** to be delivered by **W. J. BARRY,** on **WEDNESDAY, 4th December,** at 8 p.m., at **Kidd's Concert Hall.**

A variety of samples of Mineral Ores, collected by Mr BARRY during his travels, will be exhibited to the public for inspection and comparison.

TICKETS, 2s. 6d. each.

N.B.—The Lecture will also be delivered in **ARROWTOWN** on **THURSDAY, Dec. 7th;** in **QUEENSTOWN,** on **MONDAY, the 9th;** and subsequently in all the other townships on the Otago Goldfields.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

ON and after this date, the Public are **PROHIBITED FROM BATHING** in our Dams. Persons caught so doing, or otherwise injuring our property, will be **PROSECUTED** as the law directs.

STRHAN & BARKER.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY

Enniscaort-Street.

Mrs WILKINSON begs to intimate to the parents and friends of pupils attending the above Seminary that she has no intention of relinquishing her position as Teacher, but will continue to devote her best energies to the advancement of the Scholars entrusted to her care.

Mrs WILKINSON will be happy to accommodate **YOUNG LADY BOARDERS** upon moderate terms.

MR LAKE,
SURGEON,

May be consulted at his Residence, west end of **MELMORE-STREET,**

(Premises lately occupied by Mr Goodger).

WANTED, A HOUSEMAID.—Apply at the **KAWARAU HOTEL.**

TO HOTEL-KEEPERS, SPECULATORS, and others.

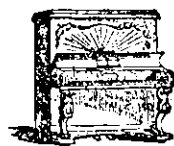
FOR SALE,—The REEFERS' ARMS HOTEL, CARRICKTON.

This Hotel is neatly furnished, and is one of the most suitable places for carrying on a large business in the district.

The Billiard Room is fitted with one of Alcock's three-quarter sized tables, quite new from the factory.

The furniture can be taken at valuation or otherwise.—Terms Liberal.—Immediate Possession.—Apply to

Mr **GEORGE JENOUR,**
Cromwell.



GRAND POPULAR ENTERTAINMENT to be held in **KIDD'S HALL** on **THURSDAY EVENING NEXT,** November 28th, in aid of the Cromwell School Funds.

Instrumentalists: Messrs WHETTER, GUTHRIE, ESCOTT, and CLARK; and Masters J. and R. WHETTER. Accompanist: Mr COLCLOUGH.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

Overture Band
Glee—*See our Oars* Company
Song—*Early in the Morning* Mr Baird
Recitation—*Mary, Queen of Scots* Miss M. Bain
Song—*The Anchor's Weighed* Mr Campbell
Reading Mr Smythies
Duet—*All's Well* Messrs Campbell and Sanson
Song Mr Loughnan
Song—*Beautiful Eye* Mr Pretts
Trio—*Shipwreck* Messrs Sanson, Stevens, & Campbell
Song (Comic) Mr Hurley
Polka—"Rising Sun" (*Julien*) Band

To conclude with

The Burlesque Tragic Opera of

BOMBASTES FURIOSUS

Artaxomineus (the King) Mr JACOB
Fusbos (Minister of State) Mr JONES
Bombastes Furioso (General of the King's army) Mr FRANK
Distadina Lady AMATEUR

ATTENDANTS, SOLDIERS, ETC.

ADMISSION: Front Seats, 4/; Back do., 2/

DANCING AFTER THE PERFORMANCE.

CROMWELL POST OFFICE.

MAILS CLOSE.

For Bannockburn, Quartzville, and Carrickton every *Sunday*, at 9 p.m.
For Clyde, Dunedin, and intervening offices every *Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday*, at p.m.
For Dunedin, via Teviot, Tuapeka, and Tokomairiro, every *Tuesday*, at 3 p.m.
For Kawarau Gorge, Edwards's, Morven Ferry, Arrowtown, Frankton, and Queenstown every *Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday*, at 9 p.m.
For Luggate, Bendigo, Alberton, and Cardrona every *Tuesday*, at 9 p.m.
For Bannockburn and Nevis, every alternate *Monday*, at 9 a.m.
For money orders and registered letters, at later than 2 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVE:

From Dunedin, Clyde, and intervening offices every *Monday, Wednesday, and Friday*, at 9 a.m.
From Dunedin, via Tokomairiro, Tuapeka, and Teviot, every *Friday*, at 9 a.m.
From Queenstown, Frankton, Arrowtown, Morven Ferry, Edwards's, and Kawarau Gorge every *Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday*, at 3 p.m.
From Cardrona, Alberton, Luggate, Bendigo, every *Thursday*, at 3 p.m.
From Nevis and Bannockburn, every alternate *Wednesday*, at 11 a.m.
From Carrickton, Quartzville, and Bannockburn every *Tuesday*, at 3.30 p.m.

NOTICE.

BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.

AN AGENCY of the above Bank has this day been opened in MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.

H. C. JONES.

Cromwell, Nov. 25, 1872.

BANK HOLIDAY.

MONDAY, 2nd December, will be observed as a Holiday by the Banks at Cromwell.

Cromwell Argus,
AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1872.

The last of the Popular Entertainments for the season is to take place at Kidd's Hall on Thursday evening. The programme contains some very attractive features, and we confidently predict a well-filled house on the occasion. The proceeds are to be handed over to the School Committee.

Sergeant Cassels has been appointed Deputy-Registrar of Brands for the district of Cromwell.

The growing commercial importance of Cromwell becomes daily more apparent, and the establishment of an agency of the Bank of New Zealand affords undoubted evidence of the fact. This bank has had a prosperous career from its foundation, and now does more business within the Colony than all the other banks put together. We anticipate a successful future for the new branch.

The following are the proposed boundaries of the pasturage area applied for by the Committee of the Cromwell Commonage Association. They are identical with those formerly suggested to the Government by the Anti-Intruding League:—For Cromwell, Kawarau Gorge, Lowburn, &c.—Commencing at the junction of the Five-mile Creek with Clutha River, and following said creek to the summit of Mount Pisa; thence in a direct line to the Kirdelburn, and down that stream to the Kawarau River; thence by said river to boundary of Cromwell township; thence by said boundary to its termination at Clutha River; and thence by the river to the starting-point. For Quartz Reef Point and Benlipo.—Commencing on east side of Cromwell Bridge, and following the margin of the Clutha River to McLean's fence, half a mile above McPherson's Upper Ferry; thence along said fence eastward to Shepherd's Creek; thence along base of range to Bendigo Gully, including Logantown; thence by a line running one mile distant from and parallel with the Clutha and Molyneux to the boundary of Dunstan Depositing District; thence by the margin of the Molyneux to the Cromwell Bridge. For Bannockburn and Carrick Range.—Commencing at the junction of Long Gully with Kawarau River; thence up said gully to its head; thence to the head of Adams's Gully, following the course of said gully to the intersection of Shepherd's Creek; thence by a line running one mile southward of and parallel with Kawarau River to its confluence with the Clutha; thence by the Kawarau to the starting-point.

An old resident of Cromwell, Mr W. J. Barry, has recently returned hither from New South Wales, after an extensive tour through the mining districts of that Colony. Mr Barry has brought with him a large and interesting collection of mineral ores obtained in various parts of New South Wales, and including oxide of copper, copper ore, samples of stream and block tin, specimens of rubies, cinnabar (sulphuret of mercury), &c. A sample of the last mentioned ore was also procured by Mr Barry, since his return to Otago, from a locality between Waitahuna and Waipori, where a cinnabar lode was found some years ago. It is Mr Barry's intention to exhibit the whole of these specimens publicly at an early date, and at the same time to give a descriptive lecture thereon, explaining the varied appearances presented by the ores when found in different places, their relative marketable value, the most approved methods of working them, and the geological formation of the localities where found. Indications of copper and tin have been met with in various parts of this Province, and very possibly the knowledge to be gained from an examination of Mr Barry's specimens may lead to valuable discoveries of both minerals. Hitherto the researches of prospectors have been mostly restricted to gold-finding, whilst other minerals have been neglected. Mr Barry's promised lecture should serve to awaken interest and stimulate exertion in prospecting for minerals; other than gold; and we have no doubt that systematic efforts in this direction would sooner or later prove successful, and would result in bringing to light one or more new and valuable sources of mineral wealth, and a consequent increase of our material prosperity. We may add that Mr Barry purposes visiting the other gold-fields towns in rotation, with the view of disseminating as widely as possible the information he has acquired during his sojourn in New South Wales. He has already presented a number of mineralogical specimens to the Tuapeka Athenaeum, and has promised to hand over a small selection to each similar institution in the other gold-fields towns he intends visiting.

Several tons of cast-iron water-pipes imported from England by Messrs Briscoe and Co., of Dunedin, for the use of the Cromwell Corporation, were delivered here by waggon on Saturday last. The remainder of the twelve tons ordered will probably arrive in the course of a few days. The contract price for conveyance from Dunedin is £6 per ton.

The quarterly meeting of Justices to hear applications for publicans' licences within the Cromwell District, will take place at the Court-house on Thursday, 5th December proximo. It may be mentioned that only such applications as shall have been lodged with the Clerk to the Bench at least fourteen days previously, can be considered by the Licensing Bench on the date above mentioned.

The Colonial Champion Combination Comedy Company purpose performing at Cromwell on Friday and Saturday. Particulars are advertised in another column. The members of this company are all actors of well-known ability, and the success already achieved during their up-country tour has been of a very gratifying character. There are few old playgoers in the Colonies who have not seen and heard Mr. J. P. Hydes, the comedian and burlesque actor, who is a prominent member of this troupe. The name of Miss Flora Anstead is also familiar to many. Mr Austin Power made his debut at the Princess Theatre in Dunedin some five years ago, and rapidly attained to an advanced position in the ranks of the *corps dramatique*. Altogether, we are confident that the performances announced for Friday and Saturday will fully equal anything of the kind ever witnessed in Cromwell.

A reduced scale of charges for press telegrams is to come into force on the 1st January. The charge will be sixpence for the first 25 words, and sixpence for every additional 25 words or fraction thereof.

We observe by advertisement that Messrs Barker and Strahan prohibit bathing in their reservoirs near Hartley's Beach. They are impelled to take this step in consequence of persons frequenting the dams having repeatedly injured the sluice-gates.

Mrs Vitting, who drowned three of her children in the Waikivi, near Invercargill, recently, has been found guilty of murder and sentenced to death.—Donald Morrison, the Hokanui slanty-keeper, has been convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to 18 months imprisonment.

A telegram despatched from London at 1122 p.m. on Nov. 11, states that the ravages by the fire in Boston exceed the worst anticipations. The area destroyed covers 100 acres, and includes the establishment of all the principal wool merchants in the city. The buildings burned were chiefly new, and of granite. They comprised 939 business premises, and 69 dwelling houses.

The programme of the Lake District Races to be held on the 16th and 17th January 1873—has been issued. It comprises the under-mentioned events, viz.:—Maiden Plate, L.30; Grand Handicap, L.60; Wakatip Handicap, L.40; Hack Selling Race, L.20; Handicap Hurdle Race, L.30; Hack Hurdle Race, L.25; Queenstown Handicap, L.80; Publicans' Purse, L.30; Handicap Trotting Race, L.20; Consolation Handicap, L.20. The total value of stakes offered is L.375.

The machinery of the Gabriel's Gully Quartz Mining Company was started yesterday week. The *Tuapeka Times* thus describes the self-acting tramway which has been erected on the mine:—"The stone is filled into trucks which are run out on a level tramway seven chains in length. Their contents are then emptied into hopper situated at the top of the self-acting tramway, which is on an inclined plane with a gradient of 1 in 4. This hopper fills a truck which is worked with a wire rope passing round a cast-iron drum, fitted with a self-acting brake. It runs down the tramway until it comes to the hopper at the machine, just previous to reaching which it goes on a level platform. The weight of the loaded truck tips up this platform, and when it arrives at a certain position the door of the truck opens, and its contents fall in the hopper. The loaded trucks in their progress down pull up the empty ones. The tramway has three rails, but at the point where the loaded truck in its downward progress passes the empty one on its upward journey, there are four rails. The length of the self-acting tramway is 100 feet, and a great portion of it is supported on trestles. When the stone goes into the hopper, it passes through apertures into shoots, which convey it to the stampers. The hopper is 10 feet high in front, 4 feet high at the back, the bottom slope to the front is about 35 deg., and it will hold about 40 tons of quartz."

The *Wakatip Mail* says:—Sergeant Smith [formerly for a short time in Cromwell] has been transferred to Oamaru, the scene of his former duties, and has been promoted as Sergeant-Major. Mr Smith was appreciated here for the impartial way he performed his duties. These he did, but with strictness, which some think was too severe. Sergeant Hunt, from the Arrow, succeeds him.

The Provincial Councillors intend to request the Superintendent to call the Council together at an early date.

An Executive has been formed. It consists of Messrs W. A. Tolmie, George Turnbull, Hugh M'Dermid, and Duncan M'Arthur. Mr Tolmie is Provincial Secretary and Secretary for Lands, and Mr Turnbull Provincial Treasurer.

In describing the thanksgiving services at St. Paul's Church on the 17th inst., the Dunedin correspondent of the *Tuapeka Times* says:—"I should say that the services at St. Paul's have now arrived at as 'High' a stage as it is desirable they should do, unless those in authority want a re-commencement of the hot war that raged in connection with this subject some time back."

Late advices from Melbourne state that favourable reports have been received from Westcott's party, Yam Creek (Port Darwin rush); but great distress is likely to prevail among the miners through want of provisions.

The General Government have instructed the Agent-General in London to offer free passages to all suitable emigrants from Great Britain.

ELECTION OF MINERS' DELEGATE.

A meeting of the Interim Committee appointed by the Miners' Association was held in the Town-hall on Wednesday evening, 20th inst.

The following were present:—A. Wood, Chairman, and Messrs Taylor, Hayes, Barker, Strahan, Colclough, Fraer, Jolly, and Smythies.

Upon the motion of Mr John Hayes, seconded by Mr Jesse Barker, it was agreed as follows:—"That Mr A. Wood be appointed to canvass the districts of Carrick, Bannockburn, Gorge, Quartz Reef Point, and Lowburn for members to join the Association; and that he receive £3 for expenses."

Mr Fraer proposed, and Mr Barker seconded—"That nominations for a delegate to Mining Conference at Tuapeka be received by the Secretary till 3 o'clock on Saturday next, and if more than one candidate is nominated, that a ballot be taken in the Town-hall between the hours of 4 and 8 p.m. on the same day. That no person vote except he be a member of the Association; and that the expenses of the delegate be paid by that body."

Carried.

Mr Andrew Wood was appointed Presiding Officer for the election.

Mr H. W. Smythies was elected Hon. Sec., in room of Mr M. Fraer, who had handed in his resignation.

As determined at the meeting above reported, the election of a Delegate was held on Saturday, the 23rd instant. Two nominations were landed in,—those of Mr Charles Colclough, of Cromwell, and Mr James Crombie, of Bannockburn. Thus a ballot was necessitated, which was taken between the hours of three and eight p.m. on the same day. At the latter hour, a considerable number of persons had gathered at the Town-hall, and the declaration of the result was awaited with interest. Mr Andrew Wood, the Presiding Officer, shortly appeared at the door of the building, and made known the state of the ballot,—as follows: Mr Crombie, 70; Mr Colclough, 25. Such a result astonished everyone, not less on account of the number of votes polled than of the largeness of the majority. The interest evinced in this matter becomes especially evident when it is remembered—1. That none but members of the Cromwell Miners' Association were allowed to vote, and that the Association had been in life barely a week. 2. That only two days elapsed between the fixing of the day for the election and the actual arrival of the day itself. 3. That five hours only intervened between the discovery to the voters of the nominated candidates and the closing of the ballot. Under these circumstances, therefore, we were both pleased and surprised to see the high interest exhibited in the election.

Mr Crombie thanked the miners in a few well-chosen words. He stated that he would be happy to give information regarding his views, either at a public meeting or otherwise, and also to receive suggestions upon matters likely to be discussed at the Conference. [It will be observed that a public meeting is to be held at the Bannockburn with this object.]

Mr Colclough thanked those who had voted for him. He hoped that Mr Crombie would give greater satisfaction than the representative from the Bannockburn district already elected by the miners to another assembly. (Hear, hear.)

A vote of thanks to Mr Wood for so efficiently fulfilling his duties as Presiding Officer,—proposed and seconded by the two candidates,—concluded the proceedings.

ROBBERY AND MURDER AT TIMARU.

A man named Murdoch McLean, for eight years a shepherd at Snowdon Station, disappeared at Timaru on the night of the 14th inst. He had a considerable sum of money upon him, and foul play was suspected. On the morning of the 21st, the body of the missing man was found in the Washlyke Creek, with a heavy piece of iron attached to the neck. The deceased's hat was in his pocket, and all his money, amounting to some £60, was gone. He was 28 years of age, and had been only seven months married.

On the same morning, a party engaged in searching for the body of McLean, found in a creek near Mount Horrible, 16 miles from Timaru, the body of another man, which had apparently been lying there for four or five days. It has not yet been identified.

WARDEN'S COURT.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Judge and Warden.)

COMPLAINT.

James Davelin v. Andrew Thompson, Snowy Gully, North Pole: To cancel certificate for extended claim. Dismissed, with 13s. costs, and witness's expenses, &c., 40s.

APPLICATIONS.

Protection.—Alfred McMin and five others, sixty days' for an alluvial claim at Kawarau Gorge: granted for three men's ground.

Extended Claims.—Ah Moon and five others, six acres, one mile below Nevis township: granted.—Ah Quoon and two others, Luggate Creek: to be gazetted as available.—James Davelin and another, Long Gully, North Pole: objections lodged by A. Thompson: granted, provided applicants do not interfere with objector's ground.—John Mann and another: no appearance: cancelled.

Water Races.—James Davelin and another applied for a sluice-head from a creek near Snowy Gully: adjourned for a week, to allow of notice being served on Thompson and party.—Ah Quoon and two others were granted four heads from Luggate Creek.—Thomas B. Clyde's application was cancelled for non-appearance.—Henry Cameron and another were granted four heads from Stony Creek, Nevis.

Tail Races.—Ah Quoon and two others, Luggate: granted.—Ah Moon and five others, Nevis: granted.—James Davelin and another, Boggy Gully: objected to by Thompson and others. Adjourned for a week, to ascertain what compensation, if any, may be due to Thompson on account of tail-race passing through his claim.

Dam.—James Davelin and another, Boggy Creek: refused.

QUEENSTOWN.

(From our own Correspondent.)

November 23, 1872.

The weather for the past fortnight has been lovely, though too dry for the crops. As a rule, the farms in the district look uncommonly well, the snow which lay on the ground during the winter having apparently given crops of all descriptions an impetus.

A singular and melancholy death occurred last Thursday. The deceased, Mr Thomas Brown, was a sheep-owner living at the 25-Mile, Lake; and on Thursday week, whilst tending lambs, he happened to place the tip of the knife between his teeth. A ewe jerked her head up, and forced the knife down Mr Brown's throat. After the knife was extracted, he went about his ordinary work, apparently none the worse; but on Saturday night he became speechless, and until the moment he died appeared to have lost his senses. After he was conveyed to Queenstown, he was seized with paralysis of the one side, and died on Wednesday night. The fact that he was supporting a widowed sister and her children, renders the case still more distressing.

On Tuesday, Mr P. B. Boulton was elected Town Clerk, and the choice of the Council appears to have given general satisfaction. Now that the Clerk has to collect the dog-tax, hotel-licences, etc., the billet is no sinecure.

Messrs Eichardt's and Powell's hotels are rapidly approaching completion, and give Buller-street much the appearance of a thoroughfare in a large city. The Town Hall has at length had the finishing touches put to it, and it really looks quite handsome now—outside. The piano purchased in Cromwell for our Choral Society is now in the Town Hall, and proves a great boon to the members of the society.

In mining matters things are pretty much in statu quo.

Twelve hundred and fifty Communist prisoners have arrived in New Caledonia.

During the recent race meeting in Melbourne, the amount paid in stakes was £7291, and the receipts amounted to nearly £6000.

A strong feeling of antagonism exists between the Governments of Sydney and Melbourne regarding the Border duties, and a settlement of the question is further off than ever.

Sir George Bowen is to leave for Victoria in March. Sir James Fergusson, our new Governor, will enter upon his duties in New Zealand in the same month, and in the interval will visit England. He is described as a painstaking, hard working man.

The celebrated London comic singer, Mr Harry Rickards, who is styled "the greatest comic singer in the world," is in Dunedin. The *Times* thus speaks of him:—"His style of singing is not quite new to Dunedin, as we have had two or three comic vocalists here of the same species. He is, however, much superior to any of his predecessors. His make-up is excellent; he is a master of the pantomimic art: with a single grotesque glance he can almost convulse his audience with laughter; and he possesses a rich, powerful voice which he uses most skilfully. His abilities as actor and vocalist were very well displayed in some 'Musical Illustrations,' in the course of which he hits off in succession the peculiarities of tenor, serio-comic, London comic, and baritone singers, winding up with a burlesque imitation of those dreadful 'negro delinquents,' who torment the audiences at nearly every amateur entertainment. Mr Rickards, however, was not so successful with all his songs. The silly 'descriptive song' styled 'I like to mind the baby' was almost unbearable, while 'The Bold Fisherman' was a flat contradiction to those of Mr Rickards's critics who assert that his singing is perfectly free from the taint of vulgarity supposed to be characteristic of the modern London comic vocalist."

RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21.

(Before W. L. Simpson, Esq., R.M.; James Corse, Esq., J.P.; and M. Fraer, Esq., J.P.)

O'NEIL v. BERRY.

Claim, £13 7s. The debt was admitted, and judgment was given for the amount.

BERRY v. O'NEIL.

Claim, £4 10s. Mr F. J. Wilson, for defendant, pleaded not indebted. After hearing evidence, the Bench gave judgment for £3.

ALL CAN v. AH SUI.

Claim, £16 18s. The hearing of this case was adjourned to enable the parties to obtain the assistance of a properly-qualified interpreter.

JAMES SCOTT v. J. LOUGHAN.

The plaintiff claimed £20 damages, under the circumstances described in the plaint-note, as follows:—That on the 8th November, 1872, defendant, at or near the town of Cromwell, seized and took possession of six horses, the property of plaintiff, for the purpose of impounding the same for an alleged trespass upon property (the Mount Pisa Run) which had no substantial or sufficient fence enclosing it, and after so seizing and taking possession of such horses did impound them in a yard or paddock not being a public pound and not being a place upon his (defendant's) lands, and retained such horses in such yard or paddock for a great length of time, and during such time refused to deliver up possession of such horses to plaintiff without payment of £1 for each horse so detained; but, subsequently to such refusal, defendant caused such horses to be driven to and placed in the public pound of the Dunstan district, and instructed the pound-keeper to demand and receive the sum of ten shillings per head for such horses for damages and expenses, which sum said pound-keeper did demand and receive from plaintiff before releasing such horses, the plaintiff being compelled to pay such sum in order to obtain possession of such horses: whereby plaintiff was put to great loss of time, trouble, and expense. And also that from the time of defendant seizing and taking possession as aforesaid, defendant omitted to keep and maintain such horses in a proper manner, or to supply them with necessary food and water, whereby such horses sustained injury and damage.

Mr Allanby for plaintiff; Mr F. J. Wilson for defendant.

The pleas for the defence were: first, that defendant did not take the horses in manner and form as alleged; and, second, not guilty.

James Scott, the plaintiff, sworn:—On the 8th inst., defendant put six horses of mine into Goodger's stockyard in the township of Cromwell. I cut the horses out from a mob that was being driven by defendant's men, but they were afterwards taken from me. The same night I gave defendant a written notice to release the horses. I went to the stockyard next morning, and defendant refused to release them unless I paid £1 a head. The horses were yarded between two and three o'clock on the 8th, and were kept in the stockyard till next day, when they were driven to the Clyde pound by defendant's men. I followed them to the pound, and had to pay £1 a head poundage fee, and 10s. a head for damages, before I could obtain their release. I could only get them part of the way home that night, and left them about three or four miles from Cromwell: they were so ravenously hungry that they would not drive. Two of them I have not seen since, and I have spent four days looking for them. I never got any notice from the defendant of his intention to impound the horses.

Cross-examined:—I sue defendant because it was he that took possession of the horses. I do not know whether he acted in this matter as master or servant. I made no tender of any sum of money on account of the horses after they were seized. Goodger's yard is within the town boundary. I would have preferred that the horses had been driven to the home station had they been fed.

Ignatius Loughnan, manager of Mount Pisa Station, examined by plaintiff's solicitor:—I claimed £1 a head for twelve months' grazing in advance; and the 10s. a head claimed by the pound-keeper on my behalf was for actual trespass. I gave the plaintiff no notice of my intention to impound. Some weeks ago, I gave notice by advertisement that all horses depasturing on the run were to be registered on the Station; only some fifteen or sixteen or sixteen were so registered, and I therefore mustered all I could find on the run.

Cross-examined by Mr Wilson:—I am manager of Mount Pisa Station, and have no interest whatever as partner in the run: I am simply a servant. Have no land of my own either in Cromwell or any other part of the Province. Had the horses not been put in Goodger's stockyard, I should have had to drive them to a paddock at the home station, and that would have caused the owners to travel twenty miles to release them.

The other witnesses for plaintiff were William Scott, John Marsh, and H. E. Willmott; but their evidence was of no material importance.

Mr Wilson, for the defence, submitted that the verdict of the Court must be in his client's favour. It was quite evident the first part of clause 33 of the Impounding Ordinance, 1872, gave the runholder power to impound stock trespassing upon a run. He maintained that the fact of plaintiff having made no tender to induce defendant to release the horses, was fatal to the plaintiff's case; and quoted from *Addison's Writings and their Remedies* to show that the plaintiff was bound to tender the amount of grazing fees or damages which he might consider just.

The Resident Magistrate held that it was necessary for the defendant to prove that the land on which the horses was found was a run, and that it did not belong to defendant; as without such proof Mr Wilson's argument would tell against his client.

Mr Wilson: There is clear evidence that no substantial damage has been sustained by plaintiff. Our justification is that the horses were trespassing on the run, and that they were legally impounded.

The Resident Magistrate:—The Court must have distinct proof regarding the boundaries of the run: in a case of this kind we can take nothing for granted.

Mr Wilson asked for a week's adjournment, to enable him to produce evidence as to boundaries of run.

The Bench granted the adjournment, and allowed one guinea costs to plaintiff's counsel. [Mr Fraer here left the Bench.]

THE "WEXFORD" CASE.

James Hazlett v. James Taylor and others, stewards of the Cromwell Spring Race Meeting. This was an action to recover the sum of £15, being amount of prize advertised to be paid to the winner of the Hack Selling Race run at Cromwell Race-course on the 27th September last.

Mr W. W. Wilson for plaintiff; Mr F. J. Wilson for defendants.

The plea for the defence was "that plaintiff, not having complied with the express or implied conditions on which the race was run, is not entitled to recover."

Mr W. W. Wilson read a copy of advertisement regarding the races, and said he would call witnesses to prove that Mr Hazlett's horse was entered; that he ran, won, and was sold. If he did this, he thought his client was entitled to a verdict. The defence was that the conditions of the race had not been complied with; but he submitted that the advertisement stated nothing about rules; nor did it specify how the horse was to be sold. The auctioneer sold the horse after due deliberation, from a conspicuous position—the judge's box; and several of the stewards were present at the sale. He then proceeded to call evidence.

Defendants' counsel said they admitted everything up to the time when the horse came in first.

James Hazlett, sworn:—After the horse came in, perhaps ten or fifteen minutes, I saw my man (Stewart Waddell) lead the horse up to the judge's box. Mr Fache, who was in the box when I went up, acted as auctioneer, and after describing the horse in the usual way, offered him at the upset price of £15. The auctioneer waited long enough for a bid, but none was given, and the horse was knocked down at the same figure. There were at least fifty persons present. I asked Mr Fache previously where he was going to sell the horse, but did not instruct him to proceed with the sale. It is not usual for a bell to be rung when a horse that has won a race is going to be sold. I do not recollect having on any similar occasion heard a bell rung. Mr Kidd, one of the stewards, was within hearing at the time of sale. I asked him not to bid against me for the horse, and am therefore sure his attention was called to the sale.

G. Fache, sworn:—I acted as auctioneer in selling Mr Hazlett's horse by virtue of my having been previously employed by the stewards to sell the booth, &c. I do not recollect whether it was expressly stipulated that I should sell the horse, but it was quite understood. During the races, I asked the stewards' permission to sell horses for some other persons. Mr Cowan, a steward, told me to wait till after the Hack Selling Race. I sold the horse Wexford from Mr Harding's buggy, which was used temporarily as a judge's box. After the race was run, I followed the winner to the stewards' room, and told Waddell to bring the horse to the judge's box. One of the stewards—I don't remember which—had the bridle in his hand at the time. I then took my stand on the buggy. Some time elapsed before the horse was brought to me. I looked round for the owner, and saw him standing behind me. As soon as I saw Mr Hazlett, I commenced the sale; and after announcing the conditions of sale, describing the horse, and waiting a reasonable time for a bid, no one made any advance, and I knocked the horse down, saying, "£15 for the owner." My foot was on the step in the act of getting down, when some one bid 10s. I replied, "You're too late." I was selling the horse on commission, and would have been acting adversely to my own interest in selling him for £15 if I had thought he would fetch £25.

Cross-examined:—Mr Preshaw did not ask me who told me to sell the horse. I recollect attending a meeting of stewards on the race-course, and I then admitted that I had no direct authority to sell the horse, but stated I thought it was fully understood. It is usual for the auctioneer who sells the booths to conduct sales in the case of "selling races," and it would be very discourteous if otherwise. I consider I was obliged to attend the races in consequence of the Selling Race being advertised. Since this action was brought, I have given Mr Preshaw an account for my commission on the sale of Wexford.

Stewart Waddell's evidence was unimportant. In defence, Mr F. J. Wilson submitted that from the moment of winning the race, the horse became, in a qualified sense, the property of the stewards, who held a possessory right to the winner until he was sold. It was the business of the stewards to give directions for the sale. He would call witnesses to prove that the sale took place without the stewards' knowledge.

J. A. Preshaw was then sworn, but his name not having been advertised as a steward, he was not asked to give evidence.

John Marsh, sworn:—I was one of the stewards, but was not consulted in any way as to the sale.

James Cowan, also a steward, stated:—I was present at the races, but was not applied to for authority to sell, and did not in any way authorise the sale, nor did I witness the sale.

Cross-examined:—I believe it was omitted to be stated in the advertisement that the races were to be run under the Dunstan Jockey Club Rules.

By the Bench:—There is no rule on the subject. The usual custom is to sell the horse under the authority of the stewards. I acted as clerk to the scales, but I heard no one tell the jockey, while the latter was being weighed, to fetch the horse round to the judge's box.

R. Kidd and R. E. Dagg, who were called but did not put in an appearance.

I. Loughnan, sworn:—I was one of the stewards. I gave no authority to any one to sell the horse.

By permission of the Bench, and with the consent of plaintiff's counsel, Mr F. J. Wilson recalled

J. A. Preshaw, president of the Jockey Club, who stated:—I was deputed by the stewards to ask Mr Hazlett who authorised the sale. I asked him to give up the horse, and he refused. I asked Mr Fache after the meeting of stewards, whence he got his instructions to sell, and he told me it was the owner who instructed him. The plaintiff's counsel then recalled

G. Fache, who stated:—I am sure Mr Preshaw did not come to me while in the box to ask who told me to sell. I did not say at any time I was instructed by the stewards to sell.

Mr W. W. Wilson addressed the Court on behalf of the plaintiff. Mr Fache was not instructed by Mr Hazlett, but by the understood authority of the stewards. If the stewards did not appoint an auctioneer, there was no reason why his client should suffer loss through their carelessness in performing their duties.

The Resident Magistrate said the Bench had come to the conclusion that the plaintiff was undoubtedly entitled to the stakes. It was admitted by the stewards that they made no special appointment of an auctioneer, and, under the circumstances, the auctioneer could not be blamed for acting as he had done. It was incumbent upon the stewards to prove that the sale had been conducted with undue haste, and with an apparent disposition to get the horse knocked down to the owner. The advertisement simply stated the winner was "to be sold for £15." The sale took place, but there was no proof of any collusion between the owner and the auctioneer. The whole procedure certainly seemed very loose, and the Bench would recommend that strict rules should be laid down for the future. The verdict would be for the plaintiff in the full amount claimed, together with £2 2s. professional costs, 24s. costs, and 23s. witness's expenses. The Bench had remarked a very flat contradiction in the statements of two of the witnesses, either of whom, they trusted, must be greatly at fault as regarded memory.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSE LICENSES.

The applications of John Perriam, Lowburn, and Henry Maidman, Luggate, were granted.

PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL.

A slight earthquake occurred in Dunedin on the 20th inst.

Mr John Ewing, we read, was heartily greeted on his return to St. Bathans.

From all quarters of the Province comes news of an expected plentiful fruit crop.

A legal gentleman in Lawrence was recently fined £2 for assaulting a brother solicitor.

The appointment of Sir George B. as the Governorship of Victoria meets with favour.

Mr T. B. Gillies received a vote of confidence upon addressing his constituents in Auckland.

Mr Ah Tong obtained in Lawrence nearly all the 500 Chinese labourers he wanted for the Chulna railway.

Messrs J. W. Robertson and Co. are, says the *Argus Observer*, shortly to start a woollen factory in that district.

A boy 11 years of age was lately brought up before the Police Magistrate in Sydney on a charge of drunkenness.

At Tambora, the Krohmann Co.'s crushing averaged 40 ounces to the ton, and Beyer's and Holtermann's 65 ounces.

It is said that the Pope proposes forming New Zealand into an Archbishopric, and conferring the see upon Dr Moran.

Mr Every M'Lean's Hereford bull, which took the first prize at the Auckland show, has been sold for £500, to go to Napier.

The *Melbourne Age* is now the largest penny daily in the Colonies, its average daily circulation being close upon 17,000 copies.

All the immigrants per Lady Jocelyn to Christchurch, except eight families, obtained employment the first day, at good wages.

Since the first discovery of gold in the Colony, the quantity exported amounts to 6,959,506ozs., of the value of £1,258,524.

A sensational actress from America is expected in Melbourne before long. She is announced as "Lotta, the pet of the Pacific Slope."

The parties who discovered the marble quarry at Timaru have since "made a series of valuable discoveries," including that of a slate quarry.

At Invercargill, the other day, the teamer Wallaby broke her back. The tie went out, and she rested on a sandbank, which had formed unnoticed.

The starting of the Gabriel's Gully Company's battery last week was witnessed by 500 people. The tunnel and cross-drive in the mine were illuminated.

Dunedin is shortly to be visited by "Polly Plum" (Mrs Goldough), of Auckland, who intends lecturing during the Christmas vacation on "Women's Rights."

The *Grey River Argus* relates that a butcher boy at the Ahaura, who picked up a deposit receipt for £485, was presented on returning it with "exactly nothing."

A pigeon-shooting match took place on the 18th inst. in Christchurch between Mr Redwood and Mr Maxwell. The former killed 44, and the latter 30, out of 5 birds.

Mr Bills, who went to England for a second supply of insectivorous birds on behalf of the Canterbury Acclimatisation Society, was to sail from London during the present month.

Two hundred of the immigrants shortly to arrive in Dunedin by the *Arctura* M'Asland are for Messrs Brogde. The remainder are Shetland families "exported" by Mr Birch.

An explosion took place in a soap-factory in Cumberland-street, Dunedin, on the 19th inst. A large iron pan as blown 50ft. into the air, and descended in fragments. A man and boy were hurt.

The natives at Ohirumuri, in obedience to Te Hira's orders, have withdrawn their land from the Lands Court. The *Thames Advertiser* thinks this step will be fatal to the chance of opening up the district for some time to come.

The *Nelson Examiner*, referring to the scratching of Peers for the Canterbury Cup, states that from information indirectly obtained there is reason to believe that before the race the mare was one, and had been blistered.

Melbourne news says a suicidal mania is prevalent. At Ballarat, a constable Gannon blew his brains out; an a Christianised Chinaman put an end to himself. On the Yarra, a man named Webb committed suicide while rowing.

40,000 people are said to have been present on the Melbourne Cup day.

At the Balmain Regatta, N.S.W., the Intercolonial Champion Gig Race, of £500, was won by the Sydney Rowing Club's Representative Crew, No. 1. The same Club's No. 2 crew were second, and Victoria third. The race was won easily.

A Taranaki paper says:—"A marked feature in many of the Maoris at this time is their utter contempt of Sunday observance—ploughing, harrowing, kumera planting, and horsebreaking being performed by them on that day more zealously than any other."

By a fire in Auckland on the 18th inst., property valued at £60,000 was burnt. The Post Office, Telegraph Office, Custom House, and Provincial Government buildings were destroyed. The latter cost £25,000, and were uninsured. Late telegrams say the flames spread while local brigades squabbled.

In a recent spiritualistic address in Melbourne by Mr James Smith, alluding to re-incarnations, he is reported to have said:—"Moses had re-appeared as Elijah and John the Baptist; Shakespeare used to be Dante. Small minds lost their identity, and were absorbed into great ones in the spirit world."

The barque City of Newcastle, bound from Wellington to Newcastle, was wrecked off Wellington Heads, near Picton. The captain and twenty of the crew were picked up by the Taranaki steamer. A boat containing several females is missing. The vessel belonged to Mr Dransfield, Mayor of Wellington, and was insured for £1250. The captain's certificate has been cancelled.

During the hearing of a case in the Warden's Court at the Ahaura, at a recent sitting, it transpired that a "latter" at Nelson Creek had earned on an average £30 per week whenever he had water to wash with. His claim is situated on the top of the ranges, near the closed terminus of the race intended to be brought from Lake Hochstetter to Nelson Creek by the Government.

In the Dunedin gaol recently, a prisoner named Gallagher, who is under sentence of 15 years' penal servitude for a murderous attack with a tomahawk upon Mr Craig, store-keeper, and his wife, at the Marewhenua diggings, whilst in bed in the night-time, received twelve lashes for insubordination. The same convict has since been sentenced to fifty lashes more as a punishment for gross and continued insubordination.

The *Grey River Argus* announces that the first gleam of advanced civilisation reached Ahaura a few weeks ago in the shape of a black stove-pipe hat on a man's head. White golgothas have been seen occasionally, accompanied by wandering nigger minstrels or itinerant members of Parliament, but this is the first black "bell-topper" that has ever made its appearance in legitimate use further up the Grey Valley than the Arnold Junction.

The case of Lincoln v. Dent, an action for defamation, has just been tried at Auckland. Damages were laid at £500. The parties are gun-diggers at Wanzard, and the defamatory words were in effect "that the plaintiff used 'wrong' weights," and in consequence the Natives and others would not bring their gun to the plaintiff, who lost his business, and was driven into the Bankruptcy Court. The trial lasted two days, and the jury rewarded the plaintiff £100 damages.

In their journey between Sandhurst and Eaglehawk, the German princes (says the *Bendigo Advertiser*) were much struck with the extent of the gold-field, its astonishing quartz resources, and instituted comparisons between the Bendigo quartz mines and the celebrated Gongo Soco and St. John Del Rey quartz mines of Brazil, where the workings are 2000 feet deep. The Bendigo machinery was also considered much superior to that employed on these mines. The princes were greatly struck with the orderly character of the miners, and with their neat cottages; the handsome appearance of some of the residences of the wealthy quartz reefers also attracted their attention.—The princes have since gone to India.

The running for the Hurdle Race at Christchurch, between Bismarck and Medora, has caused a good deal of talk in racing circles. McKay, the rider of Medora, it appears, weighed out properly, but after the race he was found to be 3 lbs too light. It was observed some time before the race that some friends of Medora were putting their money on Bismarck, and the knowing ones were at a loss to understand how the latter could be possibly made to win, unless Medora was palpably held back. Even during the race, which to all appearance was a gift to Medora from the commencement, the parties referred to kept laying their money on Bismarck. It is just possible that they may have noticed McKay dropping his three pounds of lead.

If the people of Victoria have the extensive privilege of witnessing every year the great contest for the blue riband of the turf in the Australian Colonies, their neighbours in New South Wales can console themselves with the fact that the trophy now-a-days is almost invariably gained by a Sydney horse. The Cup Day of 1872 scored another victory for New South Wales, when Mr John Tait's b.h. The Quack ran past the post in front of twenty-one competitors. Probably the result was no great surprise, as The Quack stood next to Dagworth in the betting before the first day of the Victorian Spring Meeting. Dagworth's defeat in the Melbourne Stakes caused him to recede considerably in the betting, and it is not improbable therefore, that at the start for the Cup, The Quack may have been the favourite. In the Essendon Stakes, which was run for on the Derby Day, The Quack took third place, being defeated by Blue Peter and Dolphin. He carried 9st. 12lbs., however, on the occasion; his Cup weight being 8st. 11lb.

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN.

Three hundred Warwickshire labourers have sailed for Queensland.

Mr Horace Greely has resumed his seat in the editorial chair of the *New York Tribune*.

"Travelling pillows, to awaken the sleeper at a given time, with music," are advertised in Paris.

The will of a musician, who died recently at Schanenstein, Germany, has been found to be music.

A machine reproducing speech with the rapidity of thought has been invented by a Genoese savant.

At Sheffield, a grocer's wife committed suicide, because her three children were "so much trouble."

A billiard-player in Lima, Peru, recently made, at the four-ball or American game, a break of nearly twenty-two hundred.

A firm of opticians in Manchester have presented 1500 pairs of spectacles for distribution to the poor of the workhouses.

There is some probability of sleeping carriages, after the American pattern, being shortly introduced on some of the English railways.

A photographic marriage certificate is the latest novelty. It is provided with receptacles for the photographs of the bride and bridegroom and officiating clergyman.

At the recent wedding of the daughter of the chief of the Puute Indians with a lieutenant, at Salt Lake, the bride was attired in a blanket *decolleté*, with oyster-shell necklace, and she heartily at the wedding feast of fricasseed prairie dog.

"I am no alarmist," says Mr Mechi, summing up the results of the harvest in a letter to the *Times*, "but I believe that we shall have to pay for foreign corn, in quantity and price, fifteen to twenty millions sterling more than in a good wheat season."

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* thinks it probable that Father Hyacinthe's marriage will be followed by that of a large number of French priests, many of whom are, according to the *Patrie*, going to denounce publicly their vows of celibacy. The average number of priests in France who marry is, it appears, not less than from twenty to thirty a year.

In relation to Prince Arthur's visit to Birmingham, the Republican Club of that town have passed a unanimous resolution protesting against public rates being expended in gas burning and other antiquated fooleries, under pretence of doing honour to Royal or other personages, believing such tampering with public money to be illegal and not provided for by any act of parliament.

During the hearing of an action for slander at the Guildford Assizes, one of the witnesses remarked that marriage was a dangerous thing to have anything to do with.—(Laughter.) Mr Hawkins: Are you married? Witness: I have been a widower for 35 years. Mr Hawkins: You look very happy. Witness: I do not know how I look, but I feel very happy.—(Laughter.) Mr Baron Martin (to Mr Hawkins): He has shut you up.—(Renewed laughter.)

An extraordinary trotting performance took place at New York on the 21st September. A three-mile race had been arranged, for which several well-known trotters were entered, and heavy odds were laid that the fastest time on record, 7 min. 32½ sec. would not be beaten. Mr Goldsmith's mare Huntress, however, succeeded in trotting the whole distance in the wonderful time of 7 min 21½ sec. In 1839, Dutchman, a bay gelding, in a match against time, ran the three-mile course in 7 min. 32½ sec., and this time has not been beaten for thirty-three years, although such famous horses as Flora Temple and General Butler have made the attempt.

A drama, performing at Vincennes, in France, has been called "Vengeance and the Wooden Leg." The Marquis de Solanegs, who has lost his leg at Solferino, finds a stranger at the feet of his fiancée. The stranger draws his sword. "No matter," exclaims the Marquis, "mine was left in the body of an Austrian general. No matter!" and he unscrews his wooden leg, with which he strikes his adversary dead, crying "Vive la France!" while the orchestra strikes up the "Marseillaise," and the fiancée, touched by his act of heroism, substitutes the support of her arm for that of the missing limb, and leads the Marquis back to the chateau.

Florence was recently invaded by a prodigious quantity of butterflies. All the distance of the Lungarno between the Piazza Sanini and the Barriers, and in all the adjacent streets, the passage was almost obstructed by an extraordinary quantity of these insects, which swarmed in such thick clouds round the gaslights that the streets were comparatively dark. Fires were immediately lit by order of the Municipality and the citizens themselves, upon which the butterflies burnt their wings. Half an hour afterwards one walked on a layer formed by the bodies of the butterflies an inch thick. They are of a whitish colour, and some of the feet appeared as if covered with snow.

Mount Vesuvius is again showing signs of uneasiness. Slight shocks have been felt in the neighbourhood, and smoke has been emitted from two craters, while the misfortune caused by the recent eruption are not ended. Besides the loss of the entire harvest, the ruin of countless houses and fields, wells at many of the surrounding villages have become sulphurous and utterly unfit for drinking, while in some in some houses the emanations of carbonic acid are so noxious, that in some cases even deadly, that the inhabitants cannot live in the ground floors, and at the cost of constant headache and palpitation of the heart. All the rats and mice are dead, and dogs avoid the neighbourhood.

Chinese Arithmetic.

The Chinese have the most ingenious mode of reckoning by the aid of the fingers, performing all the operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division, with one up to a hundred thousand. Every finger of the left hand represents nine figures, as follows:—The little finger represents units, the ring finger tens, the middle finger hundreds, the forefinger thousands, the thumb tens of thousands. When the three joints of each finger are touched from the palm towards the tip, they count one, two, and three of each of the denominations as above-named. Four, five, and six are counted on the back of the finger joints in the same way; seven, eight, and nine are counted on the right side of the joints, from the palm to the tip. The forefinger of the right hand is used as a pointer. Thus, 1,234 would be indicated by first touching the joint of the forefinger; next the hand on the inside; next the middle joint of the middle finger on the inside; next the end joint of the ring finger on the inside; and finally, the joint of the little finger next the hand on the outside. The reader will be able to make further examples for himself.

Swift Shooting.

There was a competition at Wimbledon on the 18th July, which casts some light upon the problem of what might be done against an advancing army by British riflemen. One Gilkes, and three others, fired the Soper rifle, for rapidity and accuracy together, against a squad using the Snider. Lying on his back, with his knees for a rest, the accomplished Gilkes discharged no less than ninety-seven rounds in two minutes and a half, which is about two shots every three seconds, scoring, this prodigy of swiftness notwithstanding, 13 bull's-eyes, 38 centres, and 44 outers, only two bullets in all missing the target. Here is a marksman who, in so brief a time, could apparently slay or wound at least fifty enemies out of a hundred at grape-shot range, and certainly no mitrailleuse could accomplish a similar result. Consider what havoc might be wrought upon a foe by a body of 500 such men provided with the Soper or a similar piece, and hidden about in the abundant cover of English fields! They would sting an enemy to death with perpetual shots from invisible muzzles; and, except upon such places as the South Downs in England, and some commons, nothing hostile could advance unless in skirmishing order. Simply making a small arithmetical sum, we calculate that the 2600 competitors for the Queen's prize could fire with such a weapon as the Soper 175,000 shots in three minutes. Targets, of course, differ considerably from advancing enemies, and a great deal of that lead would be lost. But war has not yet witnessed such an effect as the "scoring" part of those 175,000 bullets could accomplish.

A Thrilling Story.

The witer of "Under the Verandah" in an Auckland paper relates the following story, the facts of which are vouched for as being correct:—

A few years ago I was living in a suburb of the second city of Victoria, and two doors from me there dwelt, in a neat cottage, a man well-to-do in the world. He had made some money on the Ballarat gold-fields. This man had left his home and his wife to seek his fortune in Victoria. If he succeeded he was to send for his wife; if he did not he was to work his way back to her again the best way he could. He did succeed. And here, at this part of my story, I have to introduce a villain. Like a fool, the man, instead of buying a banknote to send home to his wife to pay her passage out, entrusted it to a mate of his, who had worked with him in the lucky claim at Ballarat. This mate (I knew the scoundrel well) was going home to England with a little pillock of his own. Well, he took from the husband the 100 sovereigns to give to the wife when he reached Liverpool. Now then, what does he think this man did? The answer will be kept the money, to be sure! Ah, he did that; but he did a great deal worse. When he saw the wife, he saw a woman young and vir to look upon, and at that moment the Devil entered him. Instead of giving the woman good tidings of her husband, instead of darning the purse of golden sovereigns before her eyes and then putting it into the palms of his hands, the dirty scoundrel told the woman her husband was dead. What did he care about her fainting, or her agony and her bitter misery! Now I come to the romance of my story. When the woman's grief became assuaged, and her tears dried, and a little she showed her destitute condition, this fellow—this mate of her living husband, who he had dead—proposed to marry the poor woman, and she accepted him. The next act of dire rascality the fellow did was to write out to his mate and say that when he reached home he found that his wife was dead—although, mind you, he never remitted back her hundred sovereigns. Three months passed over, and that scoundrel with his wife wed in that huge suburb of London, known as Greenwich. One day he was brought home on a stretcher, a dray having knocked him down, the wheel of which smashed his ankle. He was stripped, put to bed, and the doctor sent for. I pass all this over, and say that when feeling her new husband's pockets to put away anything he had in them, she discovered a letter addressed to him from his former mate, requesting that the hundred sovereigns he had by him should be remitted back. Then an instant, almost in the twinkling of an eye and with a surprise like that which will come to all when

the last trump of the angel shall be sounded, she discovered the man's villainy, and her own utter misery. Passing over an interval of time, I now bring the woman to Victoria to seek out her first husband, having fled from the second. She found him residing within two doors of myself, who now relates this over-true story. But she found him married to a second wife. Believing the false tale of his mate respecting his first wife's death, he had honestly courted a respectable woman, and as honestly took her to church, and put on the wedding-ring in the presence of the clergyman, the bridesmaid, and the "best man." When the woman knocked at her husband's door it was opened by his second wife, and when all came to be known between the two, how shall I describe the miserable state of both; for I, a long-married man, well-known in the suburbs, was sent for to try and find a solution to the difficulty. Here were the first man and wife—the man wed to another woman—the wife wed to another man in England. No guilt or fraud on either side. Was the man to live with the first wife, or should his second claim him? It resolved itself into a question of feeling. The man preferred his first wife to his second. The second wife declared she was about to become the mother of a child by her husband, and—sorrow on the day!—the first wife was also to become a mother by the scoundrel father in England. What could I do in the matter? Nothing, but simply recommended the parties to seek advice of the stipendiary magistrate. They did this, and it was so arranged that the man should take home his first wife; that he should give half of all he had to the second, who, with broken heart, agreed to go her way. The two women parted in bitter tears, but with tender feelings to each other. She who went her way soon after gave birth to a still-born child, the mother dying three hours after; and so the lifeless-born child and the dead mother were buried together in a bush grave. This romance happened in the village of Ashby, within half a mile of Geelong, in Victoria, and there are men now living in this city of Auckland who recollect the circumstances equally well with myself.

"Affair of Honour."

A New York exchange says:—Colonel J. Robinson and John Cornell, local politicians, quarrelled about a Fordham widow, and Cornell suggested recourse to a duel to settle the dispute. "We will," says the Colonel, "mark off the ground, and shoot it out." Cornell accepted the challenge. J. H. Robinson was Cornell's second, and J. D. Armstrong was second for the Colonel; Dr R. Shea, of Boston, surgeon, and Gen. Lawrence, referee. The weapons chosen were seven-barrel navy revolvers; the distance—ten paces—was arranged, and the hour was 8 a.m. It was agreed that each should draw at the word "fire," and advance, firing until one or the other fell. The seconds loaded the weapons, and paced off the ground in rear of the Fordham Hotel. It so happened that a large willow stood on one side of the ground paced off, and just to the left of each principal. They shook hands, and took their stand. Each man placed his hand on his revolver, and the referee counted "one," "two." Before "three" could be pronounced both principals simultaneously dodged behind the willow, and fired. Col. Robinson's shot went into the air, and Cornell's went into the ground. After the smoke had disappeared, Cornell stuck his head from behind the tree, and shouted: "Say, Colonel, I don't see any use in you and me having any fuss. If you are a mind to treat the crowd, I would just as soon stop shooting." To this the Colonel returned: "We won't insist on the duel going on if you don't, but I won't treat. I am willing to leave further proceedings to the seconds." After a few moments' conference, the seconds decided that if each would open a basket of wine, the duel might end there. The duellists stepped from behind the trees, shook hands, invited their friends into the hotel, and produced the wine.

The Rev. George Sutherland, recently of Dunedin, has been elected Moderator of the Presbyterian Church, in connection with the Synod of Eastern Australia.

A correspondent of the Melbourne *Telegraph* has been furnishing that journal with an account of a tour made by him in South Australia. In one of his letters he has the following:—"Another hour or so, and we are steaming up the river which leads us into Port Adelaide, a more miserable looking place than which it has been my good fortune never to see. For dust it stands unrivalled. Everything is covered with it. No one has a clean coat there; and if it is at all hot, and you perspire, you have not in ten minutes a clean bit of linen on you. As might be naturally expected, a place so full of sand would be full of fleas, which is a fact, I believe. I was assured that the city people knew the 'Portonians' by their scratch, which they are always up to. One of the Adelaide Presbyterian ministers was preaching at the Port one Sunday, on the occasion of some Caledonian festival. He noticed the restlessness of the congregation, especially an aged Highlander, who was dressed in full costume, and he thought the sermon had made an impression; so after it was over he took the opportunity of walking with the old man part of the way home, and told him he had noticed his attention to the few remarks he had made—how restless he seemed to be—and hoped the word preached that morning had taken effect. To which the Highlander replied—'Nae, nae, mon, it was nae the sermon, it was the fleas.'

Waterloo Bridge Mystery Explained.

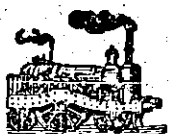
Writing to the *Birmingham Gazette*, "An Old London Sub-Editor" advances a theory with respect to the "Waterloo Bridge Mystery," which is scarcely less startling than the discovery of the carpet-bag itself. The "Old London Sub-Editor" boldly declares that the whole "mystery" was neither more nor less than a deliberate hoax perpetrated by a "well-known penny-a-liner," who chanced in the early days of October, 1857, to be more than usually pressed for money, and who in the dearth of sensational news conceived the notable idea of manufacturing some, and writing from the basis of a bag of human remains a glowing account of an imaginary murder, as a painter sketches from a lay figure. After detailing the manner in which the account of the discovery of the famous carpet-bag was brought to him when "sitting in the sub-editorial chair in an office on the Strand, on the night of the 9th of October, 1857," the "Old London Sub-Editor" gives the following as his version of the story:—"The 'liner' who brought me the copy had chambers in an inn now demolished to make way for the new law courts. These chambers were in close proximity to the rear of an hospital. A brother 'liner' was acquainted with one of the officials of this hospital. From this official a bagful of human remains and some human blood were procured from the dissecting room and carried to the 'liner's' chambers in the inn. A suit of clothes was then got; these were cut about with a knife and smeared here and there with blood. After a full description of everything had been taken by the two 'liners,' the human remains and bloody clothes were placed in the bag. The question of depositing the bag in some outlandish yet conspicuous place, where it could be easily found, next arose. An old man, who had seen better days, who acted as copy carrier for the two 'liners,' was let into the secret. This old man disguised himself as a female, and, with the bag in his hand, in the darkness of night, made for Waterloo Bridge, one of the least frequented bridges over the Thames, from the fact that a toll is demanded from every passenger. Tying a rope to the bag, he carefully swung it over the bridge, and let it gently drop on the shelving mason-work at the foot of one of the pillars. He then moved on a little and watched; but, no one appearing, he went home, and came again early in the morning. After waiting awhile, he saw a boat being rowed towards the pillar of the bridge, the bag taken into the boat, and the boat again propelled towards the shore. He immediately set off for the inn, and informed the anxious 'liners' how well their plans had so far succeeded. One set off to the river side, the other to Bow-street police station. The river-side 'liner' having seen the bag safely in the custody of the police, waited till it was examined, and then sent to the *Globe* a short paragraph, mentioning the finding of the bag and what it contained, which paragraph was intended as a decoy-duck to the managers of the morning papers. By this time the Bow-street police were on the scent, the terrible discovery was in the hands of the officers of the law, and the 'liner's' triumph was complete." This is really an appalling suggestion, and as an example of "journalistic enterprise," quite puts in the shade that which was recently made the subject of an interchange of diplomatic notes between Lord Granville and the American Minister.—*Fall Mail Gazette*.

Enlisting a Lawyer.

Well, mind now, for this is as true as the Gospel. It was on the 11th May, 1820, I listed a recruit in Dublin, and put the question to him, gave him the shilling, and walked him to the barracks as fine as a fiddle. Well, in a few days he was claimed as a 'prentice, and so he was had up before the mayor, and he committed him for trial. Well, at the following 'sises I was called as a witness, and the lawyer that defended him told me that I did not list him. "I did," says I. "By the virtue of yer oath, now," says he, "just ax me the question, for I don't believe you ax'd him."—"How do you know?" says I, "for by this and by that you weren't by."—"None of your business," says he; and he held out his hand, and accordingly I pulled out half-a-crown and clapped it in his fist, and then I asked him the questions, and he said "yes" to them all. "Were these the same questions you put to the prisoner?" says he. "Yes, they were," says I. "Well, here's your half-crown back for ye," says he. "I can't take it back, sir," says I. "Why not," says he. "Why not," says I; "why sure I can't take it back till ye go before a magistrate and pay the 'smart money.'"—"You be hanged," says he, and he put the money in his pocket, and I called to his Lordship on the Bench for a witness that I had listed him. And oh, holy Biddy, but there was a roar in the court. Begorra, the judge laughed till the tears ran down his face. Well, the decision of the court being in my favour, I axed the judge if I might take away my recruit. And they all roared again, and the counsellor got as red as a turkey cock, and as mad as a bull with the cholera; at last he made the best he could ax it, and says I to the counsellor, says I, "Don't list in the line next time, sir." "What then," says he, snappishly. "Oh, yer 'oner," says I, "stick to the rifles: that's more in your way." Well, begorra, when I told the Major, I thought he'd die, and when he'd done laughing he'd keep the "smart money" for myself.—*Irish Humour*.

Forty-four nominations have been made for the Christchurch Derby of 1873.

Dunedin Advertisements



FRASER, WISHART, & CO.,
RAILWAY FOUNDRY,
GREAT KING STREET, DUNEDIN.

All kinds of Castings in Iron and Brass:
Stampers; Quartz-Crushing Machinery
Cast Iron Sluice and Ripple Plates
Overshot, Breast, & Undershot Water-wheels
Steam Engines made and repaired.
Castings supplied for all kinds of Reaping,
Threshing, and Horse-power Machines.
Furnace Bars; Fire-proof Doors & Safes. [170]

OTAGO FOUNDRY



[Established 1859.]
WILLIAM WILSON,
ENGINEER, BOILER-MAKER
IRON FOUNDER, & BLACKSMITH,
Cumberland-street,
DUNEDIN.

Castings in Brass or Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.
Overshot and Breast Water-wheels of Iron and Wood.
Quartz-crushing Machinery.
Pumping and Winding Gear.
Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates.
Sheet-iron Hopper-plates punched to any size.
Gold-dredging Spoons.
Machinery for Flour, Oatmeal, and Barley Mills
Reaping, Threshing, and Horse-power Machines made and repaired.
Fire-proof doors and safes.
Price's Flax-dressing Machines made. 124

VULCAN FOUNDRY

Great King-street, Dunedin.
KINCAID, McQUEEN AND CO.,
Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Founders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of Castings in Brass and Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels;
Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-
ing Gear.
Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-iron
Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any size
of holes); Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.
Flour-mill Machinery.
All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power
Machines made and repaired.
Improved Reaping Machines.
K., M.Q. and Co.'s Improved Wrought-iron
Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the
best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Established Twenty Years.

GEORGE MATTHEWS,

NURSERYMAN,
SEEDSMAN, AND SEED-GROWER,
MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,
Begs to intimate that he has constantly on hand
Agricultural and Garden Seeds
Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in
season
Garden Tools
Pruning Gloves
Flower Pots, &c. &c.

DUNEDIN SHAREBROKER.

Established 1863.
FREDERICK H. EVANS
Is prepared to deal with all SHARES for SALE
in the CARRICK REEFS.

Letters, and all other Country Business
receive prompt attention. 36

IMPERIAL HOTEL,

PRINCES-STREET SOUTH,
DUNEDIN.
Having taken the above hotel, I beg to intimate
to my old friends and the public generally that
I am prepared to offer the best accommodation
to Boarders, private families, and Travellers, at
Moderate Charges.

Very superior accommodation for Wedding
Parties, &c.

FIRST-CLASS STABLES.—Horses, Buggies, and
Carriages on hire.

W. H. HAYDON.

Dunedin Advertisements

BROWN, EWING, & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRAPERS, CLOTHIERS, TAILORS, &c.,
PRINCES AND MANSE STREETS,
DUNEDIN.

Possess superior advantages
for supplying the very
best value in every descrip-
tion of Drapery and Clothing.
They have always on hand a large
and well-assorted stock of Goods, se-
lected by a buyer of experience and taste.
Their Goods are all purchased direct from the
best Manufacturers, for prompt cash, thus
avoiding all intermediate profits; and
they conduct their business in the
most economical manner, by
which they are enabled to
sell the very best goods
at the lowest pos-
sible Prices.

Patterns sent Free to Every Part of the Colony.

TO GENTLEMEN:

A Chart for self-measurement, with pat-
terns of Cloths and List of Prices, sent
free on request. The Chart is intended to
meet a long-felt want by parties at a dis-
tance, who have hitherto found it impos-
sible to get a perfect fit, either in Ready-
made Clothing or garments made to order.

BROWN, EWING, & CO.,
DUNEDIN.

WHEELER'S ADVERTISING AGENCY.

R. T. WHEELER,
COLLECTOR,
Advertising and General Commission
Agent,
STAFFORD-STREET, DUNEDIN.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

Patent Medicine

Protected by Royal Letters patent—dated
October 11, 1869.

UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE.

DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

A chemical preparation of Phosphorus, with
the Vegetable Alkaloids, Quinia, Cypripeden,
Nanthoxylin, &c. Discovered, introduced, and
extensively prescribed by CHAS. LESLIE BRIGHT,
M.D., Resident Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital,
London.

This Phosphatic combination is pronounced by
the most eminent members of the medical pro-
fession to be unequalled for its power in replen-
ishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying
all the essential constituents of the blood and
nerve substance, and for developing all the
powers and functions of the system to the high-
est degree.

It is agreeable to the palate, and innocent in
its action, while retaining all its extraordinary
properties; and as a specific, surpassing all the
known therapeutic agents of the day for the
speedy and permanent cure of:—

Nervous prostration	Shortness of breath
Liver complaints	Trembling of the hands
Palpitation of the heart	and limbs
Dizziness	Impaired nutrition
Noises in the head and ears	Mental and physical de- pression
Loss of energy and ap- petite	Consumption (in its in- ipient or first stages only)
Hypochondria	Eruptions of the skin
Female complaints	Impaired sight and me- mory
General debility	Nervous fancies
Indigestion	Impoverished blood
Flatulence	Nervous debility in all its stages
Incapacity for study or business	Premature decline
Sick headache	
Lassitude	

and all morbid conditions of the system arising
from whatever cause. The action of the Phos-
phodyne is twofold—on the one hand increasing
the principle which constitutes nervous energy,
and on the other the most powerful blood and
flesh generating agent known; therefore, a mar-
vellous medicine for renovating impaired and
broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves
the function of assimilation to such a degree,
that where for years an emaciated, anxious, ex-
hausted, and semi-vital condition has existed,
the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and
firmness, and the whole system return to a state
of robust health.

The Phosphodyne acts electrically upon the
organisation; for instance, it assists nature to
generate that human electricity which renews
and rebuilds the osseous, muscular, nervous,
membranous, and organic systems. It operates
on the system without exciting exertion or thought
upon the individual as to the process. It moves
the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and
intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness,
unparalleled in medicine.

The Phosphodyne gives back to the human
structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or
animating element of life, which has been wasted,
and exerts an important influence directly on the
spinal marrow and nervous system, of a nutritive,
tonic, and invigorating character; maintaining
that buoyant energy of the brain and muscular
system which renders the mind cheerful, bril-
liant, and energetic, entirely overcoming that
dull, inactive, and sluggish disposition which
many persons experience in all their actions.

The beneficial effects of the Phosphodyne are
frequently shown from the first day of its ad-

Patent Medicines

ministration, by a remarkable increase of nervous
power with a feeling of vigor and comfort to
which the patient has long been unaccustomed.
Digestion is improved; the appetite increases
wonderfully; the bowels become regular; the
eyes brighter; the skin clear and healthy; and
the hair acquires strength, showing the impor-
tance of the Phosphodyne on the organs of nu-
trition.
Finally, the Phosphodyne maintains a certain
degree of activity in the previously debilitated
nervous system; its use enables all debilitated
organs to return to their sound state and perform
their natural functions. Persons suffering from
Nervous Debility, or any of the hundred sym-
ptoms which this distressing disease assumes, may
rest assured of an effectual and even speedy cure
by the judicious use of this most invaluable
remedy.

DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

is sold only in cases at L.1 1s., containing Two
bottles; and L.2 2s., containing Five bottles;—
also in family cases at L.5, containing Sixteen
bottles. To be had of all Chemists and up-
country Storekeepers throughout the Colonies.
Full directions for use, in the English, French,
and German languages, accompany each case.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS:

Sir Charles Locock, Physician Accoucheur to
her Majesty the Queen, stated at a meeting of
the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society that
in thirteen cases of debility and nervous prostra-
tion he had effected permanent cures by the use
of Dr Bright's Phosphodyne.

Sir Wm. Forcuzon, Bart., F.R.S., surgeon to
her Majesty the Queen, says:—"I have re-
peatedly prescribed Dr Bright's Phosphodyne
and found it an agreeable and beneficial remedy.
I have but one objection regarding it, and that is,
the elaborate process required in the preparation
will not allow of the retail price being within the
reach of all classes."

Dr Lancaster, the eminent coroner, says:—
"Dr Bright's Phosphodyne is calculated to en-
tirely supersede iron, mercury, sarsaparilla,
quinine, and cod-liver oil."

Dr R. Quain, F.R.C.P., physician to the Hos-
pital for Consumption, Brompton, remarks:—"It
cannot be doubted that this Phosphatic
preparation will henceforth rank foremost in
therapeutics; it generates all the important ele-
ments of the human frame, the peculiar character
of this substance fitting it for vital uses."

Sir T. Lawrence says:—"I have found Dr
Bright's Phosphodyne an excellent remedy in
skin diseases. I presume it is by oxydisation."

Professor Syme says:—"The effects of the
Phosphodyne in obstinate cases of disease are
astonishing as perplexing."

Dr Hamfield Jones, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., phy-
sician to St. Mary's Hospital, says in atrophy,
and general debility, Phosphodyne is a most
admirable remedy; it invigorates the nutritive
functions, and increases the vital energy;—"it
not only acts as an absorbent," but retard or
repairs the waste of tissue, and restores the
nutritive functions to their normal condition."

The *Lancet* considers the Phosphodyne one of
the most important contributions made to materia
medica during the last century.

CAUTION.—Be particular to ask for Dr Bright's
Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad.

Pamphlets containing testimonials may be ob-
tained from all chemists and up-country store-
keepers.

Wholesale agents for New Zealand:
KEMP THORNE, PROSSER AND CO.,
DUNEDIN.

A PARADOX!—TO SUFFERERS.

NERVOUSNESS,

ITS NATURE AND CURE.

WHAT IS NERVOUSNESS?—Various answers
might be given to this question, according to
the constitution and knowledge of the indi-
vidual. Strong healthy persons, whether medi-
cally educated or not, generally regard nervous-
ness as more or less an "imaginary complaint";
it is sometimes only believed to be real when
the patient is found to be dying or dead. The
best answer to the question, probably, is this,—
NERVOUSNESS IS AN UNSATURATED CONDITION
OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM. Sometimes this unna-
tural state is accompanied with considerable bodily
weakness, loss of flesh, and loss of strength; but
in most cases there is in the earlier stages of the
disorder no outward sign of weakness. The suf-
ferers are found in both sexes they often have
the bloom of health upon their cheek; they are
surrounded by kind friends yet existence to
them has no charms, for indeed that they can-
not enjoy it. Without intending it, they annoy
other people about the most trifles; if they
encounter some person unexpectedly they feel
confused, afraid, and alarmed; the heart beats
violently, the hand shake when writing, and the
whole frame at times experiences a complete
tremulousness. The intellect also is sometimes
clouded, the memory fails, the judgment becomes
indistinct, the will capricious and undecided,
the taste vitiated, the imagination broods upon
unpleasant topics, the spirits are either very low
or very excited, the ordinary duties of life be-
come burdensome, society is shunned, and busi-
ness neglected.

A STRANGE SPECTACLE.—It is certainly
strange, but not the less true, that perfectly
sane persons in the prime of life, with firm step
and healthy countenance, may occasionally be
met with, who, in spite of possessing all the
advantages of education, religion, ample means,
and kind friends, nevertheless are victims of the
nervousness above described; unhappy them-
selves, they render other people unhappy. Why
is this? What causes operated to change the
cheerful, active, obliging, unsuspecting, and un-
complaining youth into the unhappy, drowsy,
listless, suspicious, and gloomy misanthrope?
Many causes, or one cause only, may operate to
produce this sad state; the cause may be either
mental or physical, or both combined.

ATTEMPTS TO CURE NERVOUSNESS by means of
ordinary tonics have frequently proved fruit-
less, that the leading physicians now for the
most part recommend hygienic means, such as
exercise in the open air, regular habits, sea-
bathing, the cold dry friction; change of air
and scene, as in travelling. If all these fail, as
they often do, what to be done?

Patent Medicines

THE ANSWER will be found by carefully per-
using the following Work:—

Ninth Edition; Post Free, 1s. 4d.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
Its Cause and Cure,
With Plain Directions for Perfect Restoration
Health.

Applications for a copy of the above Work
must be accompanied by the amount in New
Zealand or other stamps, also a properly directed
envelope.

ADDRESS:

CHARLES SENNET, Agent,
Brooklyn House, Flagstaff Gardens, Melbourne.

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dan-
gerous, than affections of the respiratory organs.
The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and
influenza may always be radically removed by
Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly re-
move any temporary stagnation of blood, relax
any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried
breathing, and enable the lungs to do their
work with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their
purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all im-
purities, and fortify the system against consump-
tion, asthma, and similar complaints.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are fre-
quently getting out of order, and require a
suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's
Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity
and certainty. They do not distress the system,
or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate
the digestive organs. They gently excite the
stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to
perform their functions efficiently, and act upon
the bowels without griping or any other annoy-
ance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they
cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they
entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and
biliousness.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints
should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills.
They act most energetically on the glands
and absorbent system, purify the blood, im-
part a vigour which age or other causes have
temporarily taken away. They excite the
kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimu-
late the absorbents to remove the fluid already
collected.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills
for correcting the ailments incidental to female
health. They may be taken with safety for any im-
balance of the system, as they remove all causes
of malady, and so restore, by their grand puri-
fying properties, females of all ages to robust
health.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throat.

How all important it is to check the
departure from health! all may do so by taking
Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction.
In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves,
muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, coughs,
asthma, and shortness of breath, earlier they are
taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as teething
attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all other
cases of the skin, may be immediately checked
and soon cured, by these purifying Pills. They
may be reduced to a powder, and given in a
one, two, or three night, according to the
age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment,
soothing, cooling, and healing, and is best
adapted than any other remedy for all external
ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headache.

No organ in the human body is so liable
to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt to
be neglected, to become seriously diseased. When
nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach
warns us that digestion is not proceeding prop-
erly, Holloway's Pills regulate every func-
tion, give strength to every organ, speedily re-
move all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick head-
ache, and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a
highly inflammatory state; the stomach is
disordered, and the liver and kidneys unna-
turally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken
in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their
cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known
in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Sore Throats
Debility	Stone and Gravel
Dropsy	Secondary Symp- toms
Dysentery	Tie Polonous
Erysipelas	Tumours
Female Irregularities	Ulcers
Fevers of all kinds	Veneral Affections
Fits	Worms of all kinds
Gout	Weakness, from ever cause
Headache	&c. &c. &c.
Indigestion	

* * There is a considerable saving by taking
the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients
in every disorder are affixed to each box,
and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Cromwell (Otago, New Zealand)

Printed and published every Tuesday after-
noon by the Proprietors, MATTHEWS & FRANKS,
at their Printing Office, Melbourne Terrace.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1872.